UNIVEN	General	RIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINA Certificate of Education idiary Level and Advanced Level	ATIONS
PHYSICS		ç	9702/03
Paper 3 Pra	actical Test		
·		Мау	/June 2004
Candidates an	swer on the Questior		15 minutes
Additional Mate	erials: As specified in	the Confidential Instructions.	
READ THESE INSTRU	JCTIONS FIRST		
Write in dark blue or bl You may use a soft pe	ack pen in the space ncil for any diagrams	er and name on all the work you hand in. s provided on the Question Paper. , graphs or rough working. s, glue or correction fluid.	
Answer the one questi			
presentation of the rec answers is to be handed Marks are mainly give accuracy, and for the u Additional answer pape	cords so that it is no ed in. en for a clear record ise made of them. er and graph paper s	tions as soon as these observations are not t necessary to make a fair copy of them d of the observations actually made, fo hould be submitted only if it becomes nec lish and clear presentation in your answer	 The working of the r their suitability and essary to do so.
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Centre Number

Candidate Number

Name

- 1 In this question you will determine the density of water by immersing a mass suspended by a spring into a beaker of water.
 - (a) (i) Set up the apparatus as shown in Fig.1.1. The pointers A and B should be attached to each end of the spring. The pointer A should also be attached to the paper clip. The pointer B should be attached to the mass holder. The total mass of the holder and the masses should be 200 g.

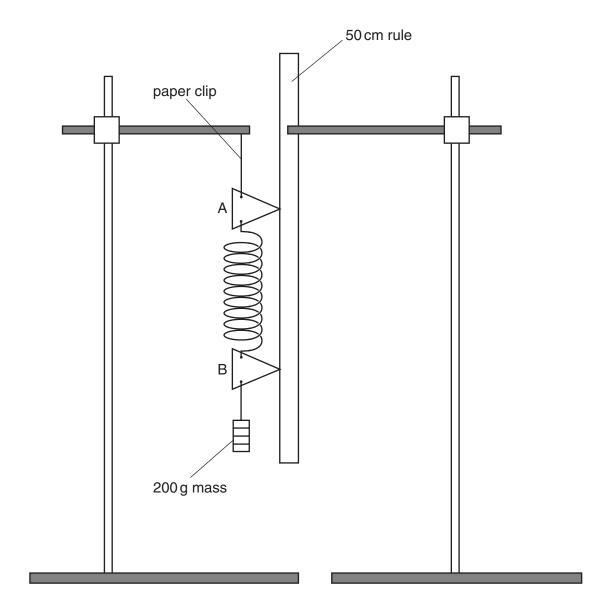


Fig. 1.1

https://xtremepape.rs/

(ii) Record the reading from pointer B.

reading from pointer B = m

(iii) Add a further mass of 100 g (0.98 N weight) to the mass holder and record the new reading from pointer B.

new reading from pointer B = m

(iv) Hence determine the extension of the spring when an additional force of 0.98 N is applied to the spring.

extension = m

(b) Hooke's law can be expressed in the form

F = kx,

where F is the force required to produce an extension x, and k is the spring constant.

Use your answers from (a) to determine a value for *k*. You may assume that the spring obeys Hooke's law.

 $k = \dots N m^{-1}$

mass.
percentage uncertainty =
Calculate the cross-sectional area A , in m ² , of the mass. Ignore the slot that is cut into the mass.
$A = m^2$

diameter = m

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(ii)

mass.

Determine the percentage uncertainty in the measurement of the diameter of the

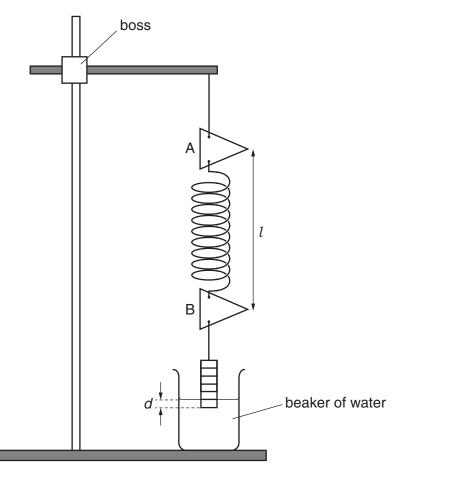
(d) (i) Put all of the masses onto the mass holder so that the spring supports a total mass of 300 g. This mass should remain constant for the rest of the experiment. Record the readings from the pointers A and B and hence calculate a value for the length *l* between the pointers.

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reading from pointer A = m

reading from pointer B = m

- *l* = m
- (ii) Place a beaker of water under the mass as shown in Fig. 1.2. Adjust the position of the boss so that part of the mass is immersed in the water as shown in Fig. 1.2.





(iii) Make and record measurements to determine the depth *d* of the submerged part of the mass and the length *l* between the pointers.

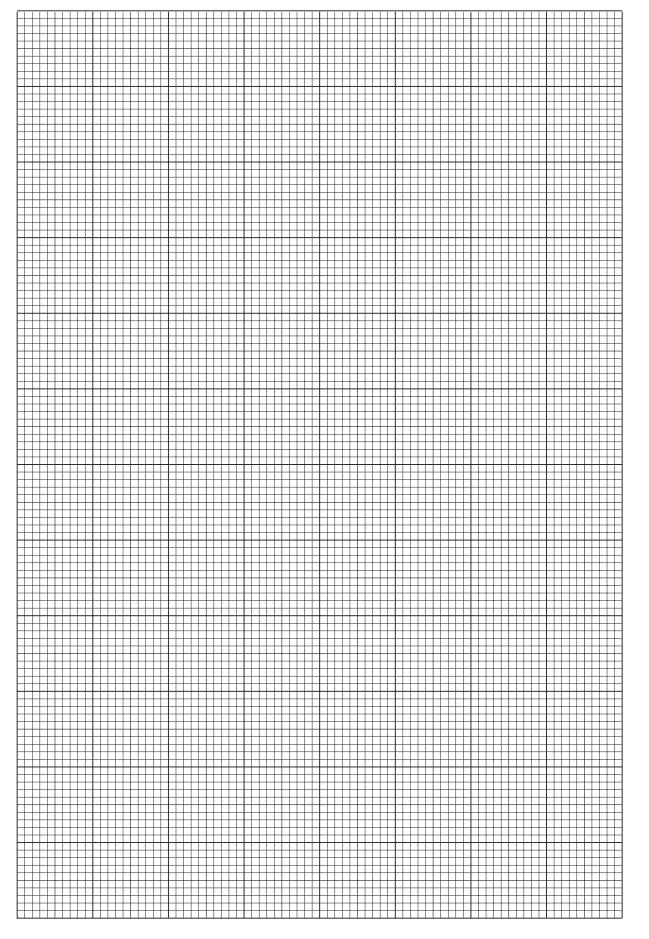
d = m

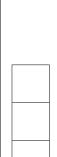
l = m

(iv) Adjust the position of the boss and repeat (iii) until you have six sets of readings for *d* and *l*. Record all your readings in a table in the space below.

- (e) (i) Plot a graph of l(y-axis) against d(x-axis).
 - (ii) Draw the line of best fit.
 - (iii) Determine the gradient of this line.

gradient =





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(f) Theory suggests that l and d are related by the equation

$$l = \frac{-\rho_w Agd}{k} + c$$

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where ρ_w is the density of water, g is the acceleration of free fall and c is a constant. You may assume that $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$.

Use your answer from (e)(iii) together with the values of A, g and k to determine a value for the density of water.

	$\rho_w = \dots$		
(g)	An accurate measurement of d is not possible with the apparatus that has been supplied. State one difficulty that you had when making this measurement, and suggest one improvement that you would make if additional materials were available.		
	difficulty		
	improvement		
		1	

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